MAY 7, 2025

Reserves, Proposition 2, and the Budget Stabilization Account (Panel 1)

PRESENTED TO:

Assembly Budget Subcommittee No. 7 on Accountability and Oversight Hon. Gregg Hart, Chair

LEGISLATIVE ANALYST'S OFFICE

How Reserves Work



- Revenues Are Volatile. From year to year, revenues can grow very quickly or contract quickly.
- Core Spending Is Not. The ongoing growth in costs of the state's programs—the core spending level—is much steadier.
- Reserves Allow the State to Smooth the Difference. Reserves can be saved when revenues are surging and then spent when revenues decline below that long-term trajectory.



Proposition 2 Substantially Improved State's Reserve Policy

A History of California's Reserves

Balances as a Share of General Fund Revenues



- Before 1980, state reserves and surpluses varied widely.
- Proposition 4 (1979)—or the State Appropriations Limit—limited how much tax revenues the state and local governments can spend and encouraged governments to establish contingency or reserve funds.
- For over three decades, the state had very little in reserves.
- Proposition 2 (2014) substantially improved the state's reserve policy.



How Proposition 2 Works



